

Fund description and summary of investment policy

The Fund invests in South African interest bearing securities. Securities include national government, parastatal, municipal, corporate bonds and money market instruments. The Fund price is sensitive to interest rate movements because of the long-term nature of the Fund's investments. The duration of the Fund may differ materially from the benchmark. The Fund is managed to comply with investment limits governing retirement funds.

ASISA unit trust category: South African – Interest Bearing – Variable Term

Fund objective and benchmark

The Bond Fund's goal is to deliver returns that exceed inflation and cash over the long term, without taking on undue risk. The Fund's benchmark is the FTSE/JSE All Bond Index.

How we aim to achieve the Fund's objective

We try to balance credit risk, duration risk and liquidity risk when selecting investments. We target total returns for investors rather than trying to mirror the returns of the FTSE/JSE All Bond Index. When we cannot find value in the bond markets, our portfolio will be weighted towards cash to achieve better returns.

Suitable for those investors who

- Seek a bond 'building block' for a diversified multi-asset class portfolio
- Are looking for returns in excess of those provided by money market or cash investments
- Are prepared to accept more risk of capital depreciation than in a money market or cash investment

Meeting the Fund objective

Since inception the Fund has outperformed its benchmark. Over the latest 10- and five-year periods, the Fund has underperformed its benchmark. The Fund has provided returns in excess of CPI inflation for all three periods. The Fund aims to take no greater risk than its benchmark. The maximum drawdown and lowest annual return numbers, in the 'Performance net of all fees and expenses' table, show that the Fund has successfully reduced downside risk in periods of negative market returns.

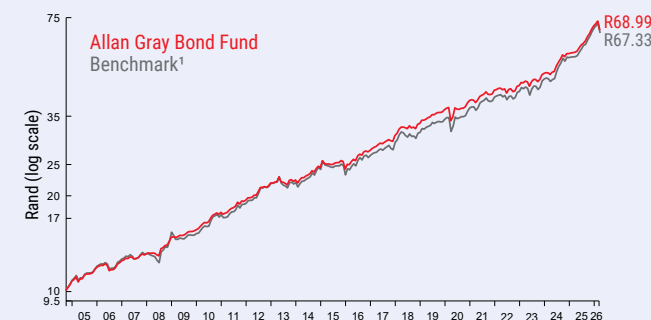
Fund information on 31 March 2026

Fund size	R10.4bn
Number of units	606 579 843
Price (net asset value per unit)	R11.57
Modified duration	5.8
Gross yield (i.e. before fees)	9.4
Class	A

1. FTSE/JSE All Bond Index (source: Iress), performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at 31 March 2026.
2. This data reflects the latest available headline CPI inflation numbers as at 28 February 2026 (source: Iress).
3. Maximum percentage decline over any period. The maximum drawdown occurred from 27 February 2020 to 24 March 2020 and maximum benchmark drawdown occurred from 26 February 2020 to 23 March 2020. Drawdown is calculated on the total return of the Fund/benchmark (i.e. including income).
4. The percentage of calendar months in which the Fund produced a positive monthly return since inception.
5. The standard deviation of the Fund's monthly return. This is a measure of how much an investment's return varies from its average over time.
6. These are the highest or lowest consecutive 12-month returns since inception. This is a measure of how much the Fund and the benchmark returns have varied per rolling 12-month period. The Fund's highest annual return occurred during the 12 months ended 28 February 2026 and the benchmark's occurred during the 12 months ended 28 February 2026. The Fund's lowest annual return occurred during the 12 months ended 31 January 2016 and the benchmark's occurred during the 12 months ended 31 January 2016. All rolling 12-month figures for the Fund and the benchmark are available from our Client Service Centre on request.

Performance net of all fees and expenses

Value of R10 invested at inception with all distributions reinvested



% Returns	Fund	Benchmark ¹	CPI inflation ²
Cumulative:			
Since inception (1 October 2004)	589.9	573.3	203.8
Annualised:			
Since inception (1 October 2004)	9.4	9.3	5.3
Latest 10 years	10.2	10.4	4.6
Latest 5 years	11.4	12.2	4.9
Latest 3 years	13.5	14.3	3.9
Latest 2 years	17.9	19.7	3.1
Latest 1 year	17.9	19.2	3.0
Year-to-date (not annualised)	-3.0	-3.4	0.8
Risk measures (since inception)			
Maximum drawdown ³	-18.9	-19.3	n/a
Percentage positive months ⁴	72.9	69.8	n/a
Annualised monthly volatility ⁵	6.1	7.6	n/a
Highest annual return ⁶	26.4	28.2	n/a
Lowest annual return ⁶	-2.6	-5.6	n/a

Income distributions for the last 12 months

Actual payout, the Fund distributes quarterly	30 Jun 2025	30 Sep 2025	31 Dec 2025	31 Mar 2026
Cents per unit	26.1703	26.1388	25.9725	25.3473

Annual management fee

A fixed fee of 0.50% p.a. excluding VAT

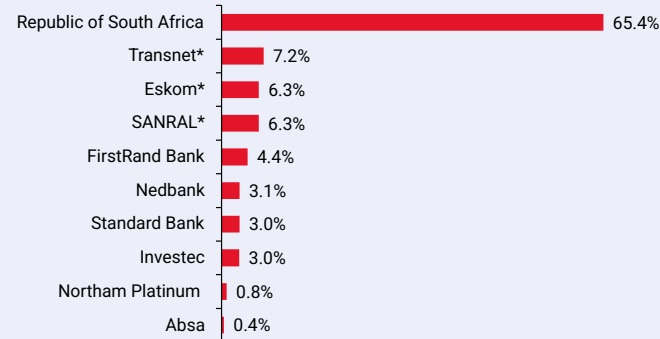
Total expense ratio (TER) and transaction costs

The annual management fee is included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Fund over a one and three-year period (annualised). Since Fund returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns (refer to page 4 for further information). Transaction costs are disclosed separately.

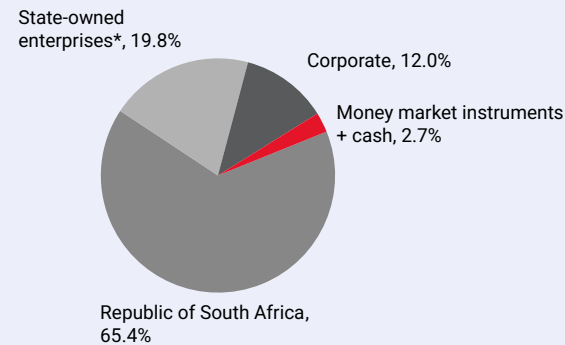
Total expense ratio (TER) and transaction costs for periods ending 31 March 2026 (updated quarterly)

1- and 3-year TER and transaction costs breakdown	1yr %	3yr %
Total expense ratio	0.58	0.58
Fee for benchmark performance	0.50	0.50
Other costs excluding transaction costs	0.01	0.01
VAT	0.08	0.08
Transaction costs (including VAT)	0.00	0.00
Total investment charge	0.58	0.58

Top credit exposures on 31 March 2026

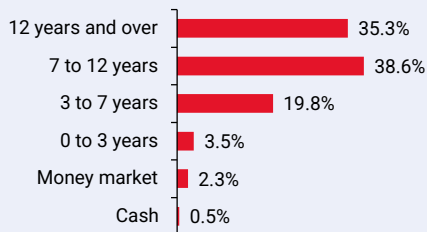


Asset allocation on 31 March 2026



*RSA government guaranteed

Maturity profile on 31 March 2026



Note: There may be slight discrepancies in the totals due to rounding.

There are months where nothing happens in the markets, and there are weeks where decades happen. In the last month, it has felt decisively like the latter. Since the US-Israeli war with Iran broke out, we have seen the market move violently on a single headline as traders try to make sense of where energy prices and asset valuations are headed. It is times like these when the adage “cash is king” reminds us why investors like money market funds.

The war-related damage to the Gulf’s oil and gas facilities is expected to disrupt global supply chains for several years. Dislocations are already emerging across supply chains. While the so-called paper market for oil, which involves the forward settlement of financial contracts, has seen Brent crude futures surge by more than 60% since the start of the war, oil prices have increased by more than 100% in some Middle Eastern physical markets. In turn, the impact on refined fuel prices (petrol and diesel) is being further amplified by refining and transportation costs, which have soared as key Middle Eastern refining capacity goes offline. Fuel rationing is being implemented in parts of Asia that rely heavily on the Middle East for refined fuel imports.

As a large importer of oil and owing to its reliance on the Gulf for more than 60% of its refined petrol and diesel imports, South Africa is in an increasingly vulnerable position the longer the war drags on. Unsurprisingly, the onset of the war has led to sharp drawdowns in South African assets, with the FTSE/JSE All Share Index down 10.5%, the FTSE/JSE All Bond Index down 6.8%, and the rand weakening by 6.3% against the US dollar. Over the past two years, South African assets have delivered double-digit returns. However, this war is eroding those tailwinds on multiple fronts. While higher gold and platinum group metal prices underpinned much of the equity market’s returns in 2025 and early 2026, these prices have since fallen significantly from their late-January peaks. As an industrial metal used in automotive parts, platinum prices tend to fall during recessions as industrial activity decreases.

Gold has historically provided an excellent hedge against war and inflation, but this time around, it is behaving very differently. In part, this reflects the fact that emerging market central banks, among the large buyers of gold that

underpinned its rally, are seeing their reserves weaken materially due to higher oil import bills. In some instances, there are even early signs of gold-selling among these parties. The great irony of this behavioural change is that emerging market central banks initially began altering their reserve mix to hold more gold precisely because US Treasuries failed to provide an adequate hedge against oil and inflation at the start of the Russia-Ukraine war in 2022. On the contrary, US Treasuries suffered steep losses in market value throughout 2022, which heightened the oil-induced erosion of reserves.

This move in commodities not only detracts from South African mining shares but also erodes the government’s ability to collect corporate income tax going forward, which, in turn, is negative for South Africa’s bond pricing. Local bonds have also derated alongside a sharp spike in inflationary expectations. The market now prices for 100 basis points (bps) worth of rate hikes for the remainder of the year, sitting in stark contrast to the 50 to 75 bps worth of rate cuts that were being pencilled in before the US-Israeli war with Iran began, and as the South African Reserve Bank executed on its rates recalibration exercise under the revised 3% inflation target.

How and when this war ends, or whether the ceasefire holds, is unclear, but it remains a critical question for energy markets and the global economy in order to limit the inflationary and recessionary fallout that is already looming.

Early in the quarter, the Fund took profit on fixed rate bond exposure as valuations surpassed our estimates of fair value. Post the breakout of the US-Israeli war with Iran, the Fund re-added fixed rate exposure and cut some of its money market and floating-rate exposure. It also switched out of the ultra-long part of the curve into the belly, which was hardest hit by foreigner selling and aggressive rate hike expectations.

Commentary contributed by Thalia Petousis

**Fund manager quarterly
commentary as at
31 March 2026**

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Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) (Pty) Ltd (the "Management Company") is registered as a management company under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act 45 of 2002, in terms of which it operates unit trust portfolios under the Allan Gray Unit Trust Scheme, and is supervised by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority (FSCA). The Management Company is incorporated under the laws of South Africa and has been approved by the regulatory authority of Botswana to market its unit trusts in Botswana, however, it is not supervised or licensed in Botswana. Allan Gray (Pty) Ltd (the "Investment Manager"), an authorised financial services provider, is the appointed investment manager of the Management Company and is a member of the Association for Savings & Investment South Africa (ASISA). The trustee/custodian of the Allan Gray Unit Trust Scheme is Rand Merchant Bank, a division of FirstRand Bank Limited. The trustee/custodian can be contacted at RMB Custody and Trustee Services: Tel: +27 (0)11 301 6335 or www.rmb.co.za.

Performance

Collective investment schemes in securities (unit trusts or funds) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. The Management Company does not provide any guarantee regarding the capital or the performance of the Fund. Performance figures are provided by the Investment Manager and are for lump sum investments with income distributions reinvested. Actual investor performance may differ as a result of the investment date, the date of reinvestment and applicable taxes.

Fund mandate

Funds may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed according to their mandates. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. The funds may borrow up to 10% of their market value to bridge insufficient liquidity.

Unit price

Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the Fund, including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the Fund, divided by the number of units in issue. Forward pricing is used and fund valuations take place at approximately 16:00 each business day. Purchase and redemption requests must be received by the Management Company by 14:00 each business day to receive that day's price. Unit trust prices are available daily on www.allangray.co.za.

Yield

The Allan Gray Bond Fund's gross yield is the estimated weighted average yield-to-maturity of all underlying interest-bearing instruments as at the last day of the month. Actual returns may differ, based on changes in market values, interest rates and market factors during the investment period.

Fees

Permissible deductions may include management fees, brokerage, securities transfer tax, auditor's fees, bank charges and trustee fees. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from Allan Gray.

Total expense ratio (TER) and transaction costs

The total expense ratio (TER) is the annualised percentage of the Fund's average assets under management that has been used to pay the Fund's actual expenses over the past one- and three-year periods. The TER includes the annual management fees that have been charged (both the fee at benchmark and any performance component charged), VAT and other expenses like audit and trustee fees. Transaction costs (including brokerage, securities transfer tax, Share Transactions Totally Electronic (STRATE) and FSCA Investor Protection Levy and VAT thereon) are shown separately. Transaction costs are necessary costs in administering the Fund and impact Fund returns. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time, including market returns, the type of financial product, the investment decisions of the investment manager, and the TER. Since Fund returns are quoted after the deduction of these expenses, the TER and transaction costs should not be deducted again from published returns. As unit trust expenses vary, the current TER cannot be used as an indication of future TERs. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. Instead, when investing, the investment objective of the Fund should be aligned with the investor's objective and compared against the performance of the Fund. The TER and other funds' TERs should then be used to evaluate whether the Fund performance offers value for money. The sum of the TER and transaction costs is shown as the total investment charge (TIC).

Compliance with Regulation 28

The Fund is managed to comply with Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act 24 of 1956 (the "Pension Funds Act"). Exposures in excess of the limits will be corrected immediately, except where due to a change in the fair value or characteristic of an asset, e.g. market value fluctuations, in which case they will be corrected within the prescribed regulatory time period. The Management Company does not monitor compliance by retirement funds with section 19(4) of the Pension Funds Act (item 6 of Table 1 to Regulation 28).

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